The Treasury

Budget 2016 Information Release

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Key to sections of the Official Information Act 1982 under which information has been withheld.

Certain information in this document has been withheld under one or more of the following sections of the Official Information Act, as applicable:

to prevent prejudice to the security or defence of New Zealand or the international relations of the government to prevent prejudice to the maintenance of the law, including the prevention, investigation, and detection of offences, and the right to a fair trial to damage seriously the economy of New Zealand by disclosing prematurely decisions to change or continue government economic or financial policies relating to the entering into of overseas trade agreements. [23] to protect the privacy of natural persons, including deceased people 9(2)(a) [25] to protect the commercial position of the person who supplied the information or who is the subject of the information to prevent prejudice to the supply of similar information, or information from the same source, and it is in the public interest that such information should continue to be supplied [27] to protect information which is subject to an obligation of confidence or which any person has been or could be compelled to provide under the authority of any enactment, where the making available of the information - would be likely otherwise to damage the public interest [29] to avoid prejudice to the substantial economic interests of New Zealand 9(2)(d) [31] to maintain the current constitutional conventions protecting collective and individual ministerial responsibility of advice tendered by ministers and officials [34] to maintain the effective conduct of public affairs through the free and frank expression of opinions [36] to maintain legal professional privilege [37] to enable the Crown to carry out commercial activities without disadvantages or prejudice [38] to enable the Crown to negotiate without disadvantage or prejudice [39] to prevent the disclosure of official information for improper gain or improper advantage [40] Not in scope					
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[40] Not in scope	[s18(c)(i)]				
	[40]	Not in scope			

Where information has been withheld, a numbered reference to the applicable section of the Official Information Act has been made, as listed above. For example, a [23] appearing where information has been withheld in a release document refers to section 9(2)(a).

In preparing this Information Release, the Treasury has considered the public interest considerations in section 9(1) and section 18 of the Official Information Act.



Treasury Report: Briefing for State Sector Reform and Expenditure Control Committee Wednesday, 9 December 2015

Date:	4 December 2015	Report No: T2015/2891	
		File Number:	MS-5-2-SEC

Action Sought

	Action Sought	Deadline	
Minister of Finance	Read prior to SEC meeting	8.30am, Wednesday, 9 December 2015	
(Hon Bill English)			
Associate Minister of Finance	Read prior to SEC meeting	8.30am, Wednesday, 9 December 2015	
(Hon Steven Joyce)			
Associate Minister of Finance	Read prior to SEC meeting	8.30am, Wednesday, 9 December 2015	
(Hon Paula Bennett)			

Contact for Telephone Discussion (if required)

Name	Position	Telep	1st Contact	
[23]	Analyst, Fiscal & State Sector Management	[23] (wk)	N/A	✓
Simon McLoughlin	Team Leader, Fiscal & State Sector Management	04 917 6011 (wk)	[23] (mob)	

Actions for the Minister's Office Staff (if required)

Return the signed report to Treasury.					
Note any feedback on the quality of the report					
Enclosure:	No				

Treasury Report: Briefing for State Sector Reform and Expenditure Control Committee Wednesday, 9 December 2015

Executive Summary

We are currently aware of three items on the State Sector Reform and Expenditure Control Committee agenda for Wednesday 9 December 2015. The table below identifies any relevant fiscal impacts and provides Treasury's comments on one of these. The remaining two papers which we are aware of, for which Treasury has no briefing or comment, are listed below the table for completeness.

Title	Pg	Recommend	Fiscal Implications (\$m GST excl.)				Treasury Comment	
			15/16	16/17	17/18	18/19	Out years	
Department of	4	Support	Operating					This paper seeks
Corrections: Maintaining Fiscal			27.8	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	funding for unforeseen cost pressures from the
Stability in 2015/16			Capital				record high prison muster, r34]	
			-	-	-	-	-	· -
			-	-	-	-	-	the Smith/Traynor Inquiry
			Capital				and electronic monitoring incidents.	
			-	-	-	-	-	Treasury has been closely involved and supports Corrections' funding bid. This would be a pre-commitment against Budget 2016.

[40]

Recommended Action

We recommend that you **read** this report prior to the State Sector Reform and Expenditure Control Committee meeting at 8.30am on Wednesday, 9 December 2015.

Simon McLoughlin **Team Leader, Fiscal & State Sector Management**

Hon Bill English

Minister of Finance

Department of Corrections: Maintaining Fiscal Stability in 2015/16

Responsible Person: Gwen Rashbrooke, Justice and Security, 917 6239

First Contact Person: Alex Harrington, Justice and Security, 890 7239

Purpose

- 1. This paper seeks funding of up to \$27.8 million in 2015/16 and \$3.2 million in 2016/17 and outyears due to unforeseen cost pressures as a result of the record high prison muster and other events, notably the Mount Eden Corrections Facility (MECF) Step-In, the Smith/Traynor Inquiry and electronic monitoring incidents.
- 2. The paper was discussed briefly at SEC on 2 December. Ministers asked for the paper to be brought back to SEC the following week for more discussion on the detail.

Comment

Managing Cost Pressures

- 3. In 2011, the Department of Corrections (Corrections) committed to operate within its forecast baseline until 2020. At that time Corrections faced cost pressures and dividend commitments [34]

 This commitment was based on an assumption that offender numbers would not significantly exceed those in the 2011 Justice Sector Forecast.
- 4. Corrections undertook an expenditure review [34]

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March 2015 Cabinet agreed to 'Expenditure Review 2' [34] of \$280-305 million to 2020. As part of this, Corrections planned to decommission three prison units, [34]

Cabinet noted that delivering on Expenditure Review 2 would be difficult if the prison muster continued to increase.

5. The prison muster has continued to rise above forecast and Corrections' operating environment has changed due to a range of issues: MECF, the Smith/Traynor Inquiry and electronic monitoring incidents. [34]

(which contribute to the Better Public Services goal of reducing reoffending by 25 percent by 2017).

Funding Requests

- 6. <u>Muster growth</u>: Corrections seeks \$15 million in 2015/16 to meet cost pressures relating to the record high prison muster. This is comprised of:
 - Corrections having to defer two savings initiatives from Expenditure Review 2
 [34] resulting in the loss of planned
 savings of \$7.5 million in 2015/16; and
 - Forecast overtime costs of \$7.5 million as a consequence of the high prison muster and the relocation of around 45 staff to the MECF Step-In.
- 7. <u>MECF Step-In costs</u>: In July 2015, Corrections invoked the 'Step-In' clause in the MECF contract with Serco due to serious allegations about organised fighting and access to cell phones and contraband. Corrections is incurring costs of around per month while running the prison.

8. [34]

- 9.
- 10. <u>Electronic monitoring of offenders serving sentences in the community:</u> In light of the Smith/Traynor incident and recent events involving the removal of electronic monitoring bracelets, Corrections has responded with two new operational functions:
 - 24 hour GPS Immediate Response Team: responsible for managing alerts created by the highest risk offenders and related interactions with Corrections staff and 3M (\$2.6 million in 2015/16, \$2.2 million in 2016/17 and outyears); and
 - Electronic Monitoring (EM) Assurance Team: responsible for assurance and continuous improvement of EM Response framework and better managing prison releases (\$1.2 million in 2015/16, \$1 million in 2016/17 and outyears).
- 11. These functions are long term improvements in service levels, and are therefore suitable to be funded on an ongoing basis. If this is not funded by Cabinet, Corrections would seek funding from the Justice Sector Fund (JSF). These initiatives fit within the criteria of the JSF, but the JSF can only fund initiatives on a short term basis.

Treasury Views

- 12. Corrections has worked closely with us in the development of this paper and in the consideration of options, to come to recommendations that we support.
- 13. [34]

As a result of its expenditure reviews, Corrections has achieved considerable operating savings since 2011. Corrections faces significant cost pressures in outyears, and will be bidding for funding for these in Budget 2016.

- 14. Looking at each component of the funding requests:
 - In our view there is little choice but to fund the <u>muster growth costs</u>.

[34]

 With the <u>electronic monitoring</u>, we consider the new functions to be appropriate in light of recent issues. Ministers may prefer this to be funded through the JSF on a short-term basis, but if the functions are to be provided permanently, ongoing funding would need to be provided at some stage.

Treasury Recommendation

15.	We recommend that you support the recommendations in this paper. As the Between-Budget Contingency has been exhausted, this funding would be a pre-commitment against Budget 2016, which would reduce the funding available for other priorities.